

## September 10, 2025

**To:** Finance and Administration Committee

From: Darrell E. Johnson, Chief Executive Officer

Subject: 91 Express Lanes Update for the Period Ending -

June 30, 2025

#### Overview

The Orange County Transportation Authority has owned and managed the operations of the 91 Express Lanes since January 2003. Since then, traffic volumes and toll revenues have fluctuated with changes in the economy and the added capacity to the State Route 91 corridor. Over the last quarter, over 5.6 million trips were made on the 91 Express Lanes in Orange County. This report focuses on the operational and financial activities for the period ending June 30, 2025.

#### Recommendation

Receive and file as an information item.

## Background

The Orange County segment of the 91 Express Lanes (91 EL) is a four-lane, ten-mile tolled facility built in the median of State Route 91 (SR-91) between the State Route 55 (SR-55)/SR-91 interchange and the Orange/Riverside County Line. The 91 EL was built by the California Private Transportation Company (CPTC) for a cost of approximately \$135 million and opened to travelers in 1995. An agreement with the California Department of Transportation included a non-compete provision that created a 1.5-mile protection zone along each side of SR-91. This zone prohibited improvements along the corridor and created mobility problems as the region and corresponding transportation demands grew.

To mitigate growing concerns over congestion, the Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA) acquired the 91 EL franchise rights from the CPTC in January 2003. This eliminated the non-compete provision, clearing the

way for future enhancements to increase capacity and improve traffic flow along the SR-91 corridor.

With the non-compete provisions removed, the Riverside County Transportation Commission (RCTC) received authority to extend the 91 EL to Interstate 15 (I-15) in 2008. At a cost of \$1.4 billion, the RCTC 91 Corridor Improvement Project added general purpose lanes, tolled express lanes, auxiliary lanes, and direct express lane connectors from the 91 EL to I-15. The Riverside County segment of the 91 EL opened in 2017, providing customers with eight additional miles of travel on SR-91. To provide 91 EL customers with a seamless experience, OCTA and RCTC entered into a three-party operating agreement with one firm to service both facility segments.

Historically, the 91 EL has used congestion management pricing to adjust tolls quarterly based on the number of vehicles traveling through the express lanes. Since 2003, OCTA, and RCTC in 2017, have used this tolling method to provide customers with a safe, reliable, and predictable trip on the 91 EL. In November 2023, the RCTC 91 EL segment transitioned to dynamic pricing, which adjusts toll rates based on real-time traffic volumes to maintain free-flowing trips in accordance with RCTC's 91 EL Toll Policy and Toll Schedule. The OCTA 91 EL segment still utilizes congestion management pricing, adjusting tolls quarterly.

Motorists pay tolls using a transponder that automatically deducts the toll amount from a prepaid account. The transponder can be used on any California tolled facility through existing interoperability agreements.

OCTA and RCTC's tolling agreements allow both agencies to operate the 91 EL well into the future (2065 for OCTA and 2067 for RCTC). This provides customers with transportation options for 18 miles of travel in one of California's busiest corridors.

## Discussion

The sections below discuss various operational data and information for the 91 EL in greater detail.

## Traffic Volumes

The total traffic volume on the OCTA 91 EL for the month of June 2025 was 1,819,576. This represents a daily average of 60,653 vehicles. This is a 0.7 percent decrease in total traffic volume from the same period last year when traffic levels totaled 1,832,858. The decrease in traffic volumes, as compared to

the prior year, is attributable to 12 overnight closures in June for the SR-91 Improvement Project (Project I) and a pavement rehabilitation project on the westbound general purpose lanes. In looking at the 12 months ending June 2025, traffic volumes totaled 22 million, which was 3.9 percent higher than the same period the prior year. The carpool percentage for the period ending June 2025 was 26.4 percent.

## Gross Potential Toll Revenues (GPTR)

GPTR for the month of June 2025 was \$5,698,593, which represents an increase of 3.6 percent from the prior year's total of \$5,501,657 for the month of June 2024. GPTR is equal to the toll rate times the number of vehicles traveling on the 91 EL (the amount does not consider violations or discounts). For the previous 12 months, GPTR totaled over \$70 million, representing an increase of 5.1 percent from the same period the prior year.

## Toll Adjustments

The Board of Directors (Board)-adopted Toll Policy requires staff to review traffic volumes on the Orange County segment of the 91 EL for potential toll adjustments on a quarterly basis. Based on the traffic volumes during the review period, no hours in the eastbound or westbound directions reached the trigger point for a toll adjustment. As of June 2025, toll rates ranged from a minimum of \$1.90 to a maximum of \$9.10. Any potential toll adjustments for the quarter ending June 30, 2025, will be reported in the following report.

## Number of Accounts and Transponders

The number of active accounts totaled 186,084, and 739,969 transponders were assigned to those accounts as of June 30, 2025. Over the past 12 months, the number of accounts increased by 7,204, while the number of transponders in circulation increased by 22,372. Over the past several years, there has been continued growth in the number of accounts and transponders, primarily driven by the extension of the 91 EL into Riverside County and the opening of the 15 Express Lanes with direct connectors from the 91 EL.

## Outstanding Debt

As of June 30, 2025, the outstanding amount of the 91 EL tax-exempt 2023 Senior Lien Toll Road Revenue Refunding Bonds (Bonds) totaled \$41.7 million. The Bonds are rated "AA-" by Standard and Poor's, "AA3" by Moody's, and "AA-" by Fitch Ratings. The next scheduled debt service payment was on August 15, 2025.

#### Reserve Funds

The 2023 Bonds require three reserve funds: a major maintenance fund, an operating fund, and a debt service reserve fund. All three funds were fully funded with a total balance of approximately \$13.4 million as of June 30, 2025.

In addition to the required debt reserve funds, the OCTA Board elected to establish two additional reserve funds. An internal capital projects fund has a balance of \$29.7 million and is used for large capital projects for the 91 EL, such as pavement rehabilitation and back-office system (BOS) upgrades. The other reserve fund was established in 2017 for two future Measure M2 projects (Projects I and J) on the SR-91 corridor. Project I improves interchanges, on- and off-ramps, and bridges along SR-91 between east of SR-55 (Acacia Street) and west of State Route 57 (Lakeview Avenue), estimated to cost approximately \$790 million. Project I is being developed as three separate design and construction projects. The easternmost segment started construction in April 2025, the westernmost segment is in the bid phase and is anticipated to start construction in late 2025, and the middle segment is in final design. All three segments of Project I are anticipated to be completed by mid-2030. Project J includes operational improvements on SR-91 between State Route 241 and the Orange/Riverside County Line and is currently scheduled for completion in 2035. The balance in that reserve fund is \$248.3 million and is used as project expenses are incurred. Lastly, OCTA has approximately \$42.6 million set aside in excess toll revenues for other SR-91 corridor projects.

# **Operations Update**

In March 2022, Cofiroute USA, LLC (CUSA) deployed a new BOS for the 91 EL for both Orange and Riverside counties. Since deployment, CUSA, OCTA, and RCTC staff have continuously monitored the BOS performance and the customer service center (CSC) performance. As part of ongoing monitoring, Key Performance Indicator (KPI) damages are assessed in accordance with the contract requirements. OCTA and RCTC staff have finalized the KPI damages for the months of July 2024 through December 2024. These KPI damages are a result of OCTA and RCTC identified performance issues with the BOS and CSC, totaling \$445,695. Of this amount, \$237,937 is attributed to BOS performance, of which \$56,512 was waived and \$181,425 was accessed in the corresponding monthly invoices. The remaining \$207,758 of KPI damages was attributed to the CSC performance failures, of which the full amount was assessed in the corresponding monthly invoices.

During the past several months, the BOS continued to experience sporadic connectivity issues that led to minor service interruptions impacting customers calling into the call center. The BOS also experienced an issue that did not allow customers to save their credit card on their account without making a payment, which was resolved in June 2025. CUSA is working to resolve the call connectivity issues and perform improvements to prevent future minor service interruptions. For the CSC, penalties arose primarily from CUSA failing to meet the daily standard for average speed of answer and abandon rate. These liquidated damages have been reviewed with CUSA and will be deducted from the corresponding monthly invoice or waived based on staff evaluation of its impact. Staff will continue to monitor BOS and CSC performance and report ongoing KPI liquidated damages that are assessed.

Summarized in Attachment A are some of the KPIs of the CSC over the past 12 months. The KPIs for service level for the speed of answer (KPI 5) and abandon rate (KPI 6) were not achieved due to an increase in calls because of phishing scam texts and the timing of customer notifications, along with a high absentee rate on Mondays. To address the phishing scam, CUSA has implemented several mitigation measures. These include adding Interactive Voice Response messaging to alert customers about scam activity, displaying prominent scam alerts on the 91 EL website, and including scam awareness information in customer statement attachments. Regarding customer notifications, CUSA is currently reviewing the communication schedule to determine a more optimal timing for message delivery. Additionally, to reduce the impact of high absenteeism on Mondays, CUSA has introduced a new incentive program aimed at encouraging consistent attendance. These corrective measures have shown improvement in meeting KPI 5 and KPI 6, as KPI 5 was met 19 out of the 21 days in June, and KPI 6 was met on all days in June.

Operational Acceptance Testing (OAT) was concluded in March. Since then, staff have been working closely with CUSA to close out final documents. As of June, OAT has successfully passed with CUSA meeting contractual requirements. OCTA and RCTC will now work closely with CUSA to close out deferred and punch list items to complete final acceptance. Staff will report on the status of final acceptance in the following report.

OCTA and RCTC staff have been engaged in its video wall and advanced traffic management system (ATMS) upgrade project. During the past several months, the contractor has completed the testing and the majority of the configurations for the video wall and ATMS. Subsequent to quarter-end, the project was placed into service in July 2025 and started OAT. Staff will continue to oversee the project and report on the outcome of acceptance in the following report.

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OCTA staff has also been supporting RCTC in the design and implementation of the Occupancy Detection System (ODS) on the Riverside segment of the 91 EL. RCTC will use the ODS to verify users of their high-occupancy vehicle (HOV) lane and assess tolls to users who are incorrectly receiving HOV discounts. OCTA and RCTC updated the 91 EL user agreement to reflect the ODS changes and distributed it to all account holders at least 30 days prior to the change going into effect. The ODS changes also require BOS updates, which CUSA is finalizing.

Looking Ahead over the Next Six Months

The ATMS and video wall project is expected to be accepted in the coming months and start the operations and maintenance phase. During this period, OCTA will also continue providing support to RCTC for the implementation and monitoring of the ODS. The anticipated go-live date of the ODS is August 2025. Staff will provide updates for these projects in the following report.

## Summary

An operational report for the 91 Express Lanes for the period ending June 30, 2025, is provided for Board of Directors' review. The report provides a summary of key operational and financial activities.

## **Attachments**

- A. 91 Express Lanes, Key Performance Measures, June 2025
- B. 91 Express Lanes Status Report, June 2025

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