



Orange County Transportation Authority Legislative Matrix

2026 State Legislation Session
February 19, 2026

BILL NO. / AUTHOR	COMMENTARY	STATUS	OCTA POSITION / OTHER AGENCY POSITIONS
BILLS WITH POSITIONS			
► AB 334 (Petrie-Norris – D) Operators of toll facilities: interoperability programs: vehicle information	Would authorize operators of toll facilities on federal-aid highways engaged in an interstate interoperability program to provide only the information regarding a vehicle's use of the toll facility that is intended to implement interstate interoperability.	INTRODUCED: 01/28/25 LOCATION: <i>Senate Committees on Transportation and Judiciary</i> LAST AMEND: 07/17/25 STATUS: 09/13/2025 <i>In SENATE. Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(14).</i>	Support (partial list) Support: Transportation Corridor Agencies (sponsor), Metropolitan Transportation Commission (MTC), Orange County Business Council, San Bernardino County Transportation Authority, Association of California Cities Orange County, Automobile Club of Southern California

BILL NO. / AUTHOR	COMMENTARY	STATUS	OCTA POSITION / OTHER AGENCY POSITIONS
<p>► SB 677 (Wiener – D) <i>Housing development: transit-oriented development.</i></p>	<p><i>Would revise the definition of high-frequency commuter rail to include commuter and intercity rail stations based on average weekday train frequency, potentially expanding the number of transit-oriented development stops subject to state-mandated housing standards under SB 79.</i></p>	<p>INTRODUCED: 02/21/25 LOCATION: Assembly LAST AMEND: 01/08/2026</p> <p>STATUS: 01/26/26 <i>In ASSEMBLY. Read first time. Held at desk.</i></p>	<p><i>Staff recommend OPPOSE UNLESS AMENDED (partial list)</i></p> <p><i>Support: Abundant Housing Los Angeles (co-source), Bay Area Council (co-source), California Yimby (co-source), Inner City Law Center (co-source), Spur (co-source), Streets for All (co-source), Housing Action Coalition</i></p> <p><i>Oppose: California Association of Counties, League of California Cities, City of Glendale, City of Encinitas, Equitable Land Use Alliance, Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority, San Diego Association of Governments</i></p>

BILL NO. / AUTHOR	COMMENTARY	STATUS	OCTA POSITION / OTHER AGENCY POSITIONS
<p>► SB 741 (Blakespear – D) Coastal resources: coastal development permit: exemption: Los Angeles – San Diego – San Luis Obispo Rail Corridor.</p>	<p>Would expand the existing exemption from the California Coastal Act's coastal development permitting process to include certain emergency projects undertaken, carried out, or approved by a public agency to maintain, repair, or restore existing railroad track along the Los Angeles – San Diego – San Luis Obispo Rail Corridor.</p>	<p>INTRODUCED: 02/21/25 LOCATION: Assembly Committee on Natural Resources LAST AMEND: 04/21/25</p> <p>STATUS: 07/02/2025 <i>In ASSEMBLY. Hearing canceled at the request of author.</i></p>	<p>Oppose</p> <p>Support: California Coastal Protection Network, City of Los Alamitos, Save Our Beaches – San Clemente, Surfrider Foundation</p> <p>Oppose: Association of California Cities Orange County, Orange County Council of Governments, County of Orange, Los Angeles – San Diego – San Luis Obispo Rail Corridor Agency</p>
<p>► SB 752 (Richardson – D) Sales and use taxes: exemptions: California Hybrid and Zero-Emission Truck and Bus Voucher Incentive Project: transit buses.</p>	<p>Would extend tax exemption on retailers for specified zero-emission technology transit buses until January 1, 2028.</p>	<p>INTRODUCED: 02/21/25 LOCATION: Senate Appropriations Committee</p> <p>STATUS: 02/02/2026 <i>In SENATE. Returned to Secretary of Senate pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</i></p>	<p>Support (partial list)</p> <p>Support: CTA (sponsor), Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District, Foothill Transit, San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency, Riverside Transit Agency, San Diego Metropolitan Transit System</p>

BILLS BEING MONITORED

AB 10 (Essayli), which pertained to the California Coastal Commission, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 23 (DeMaio), which pertained to The Cost of Living Reduction Act of 2025, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 35 (Alvarez, D) Safe Drinking Water, Wildfire Prevention, Drought Preparedness, and Clean Air Bond Act of 2024: Administrative Procedure Act: exemption: program guidelines and selection criteria.

Introduced: 12/02/2024

Last Amended: 01/14/2026

Status: 01/27/2026 - In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.

Location: 01/27/2026 - Senate Rules

Summary: The Safe Drinking Water, Wildfire Prevention, Drought Preparedness, and Clean Air Bond Act of 2024, approved by the voters as Proposition 4 at the November 5, 2024, statewide general election, authorized the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$10,000,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for safe drinking water, drought, flood, and water resilience, wildfire and forest resilience, coastal resilience, extreme heat mitigation, biodiversity and nature-based climate solutions, climate-smart, sustainable, and resilient farms, ranches, and working lands, park creation and outdoor access, and clean air programs. Current law authorizes certain regulations needed to effectuate or implement programs of the act to be adopted as emergency regulations in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, as provided. Current law requires the emergency regulations to be filed with the Office of Administrative Law and requires the emergency regulations to remain in effect until repealed or amended by the adopting state agency. This bill, notwithstanding the above, would exempt the adoption of regulations needed to effectuate or implement programs of the act from the requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act, as provided. The bill would require a state entity that receives funding to administer a competitive grant program established using the Administrative Procedure Act exemption to do certain things, including develop draft project solicitation and evaluation guidelines and to submit those guidelines to the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency, except as provided. The bill would require the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to post an electronic form of the guidelines submitted by a state entity and the subsequent verifications on the Natural Resources Agency's internet website.

Subject: Environment

AB 259 (Rubio), which pertained to local agency teleconferences, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 266 (Davies), which pertained to The Freeway Service Patrol Act, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 334 (Petrie-Norris), which pertained to operators of toll facilities, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 340 (Ahrens), which pertained to confidential communications, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 351 (McKinnor), which pertained to campaign contributions, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 596 (Ortega), which pertained to ballot disclosures, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 735 (Carrillo), which pertained to truck routes, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 891 (Zhur), which pertained to the Quick-Build Pilot Program, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 902 (Schultz), which pertained to barriers to wildlife movement, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 911 (Carrillo), which pertained to emergency telecommunications, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 914 (Garcia), which pertained to air pollution, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 954 (Bennett), which pertained to bicycle highways, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 1018 (Bauer-Kahan), which pertained to automated decision systems, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 1058 (Gonzalez), which pertained to the Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax Law, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 1145 (Gonzalez), which pertained to State Highway Route 74, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 1237 (McKinnor), which pertained to event ticket transit tickets, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 1243 (Gonzalez), which pertained to Polluters Pay Climate Superfund Act of 2025, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 1244 (Wicks), which pertained to the Transit-Oriented Development Implementation Program, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 1268 (Macedo), which pertained to the Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax Law, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 1331 (Elhawary), which pertained to workplace surveillance, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 1337 (Ward), which pertained to the Information Practices Act of 1977, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

AB 1383 (McKinnor, D) Public employees' retirement benefits: safety members.

Introduced: 02/21/2025

Last Amended: 01/22/2026

Status: 01/29/2026 - Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. (Ayes 70. Noes 2.) In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.

Location: 01/29/2026 - Senate Rules

Summary: The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) establishes a variety of requirements and restrictions on public employers offering defined benefit pension plans. In this regard, PEPRA restricts the amount of compensation that may be applied for purposes of calculating a defined pension benefit for a new member, as defined, by restricting it to specified percentages of the contribution and benefit base under a specified federal law with respect to old age, survivors, and disability insurance benefits. The Teachers' Retirement Law establishes the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS) and creates the Defined Benefit Program of the State Teachers' Retirement Plan, which provides a defined benefit to members of the program, based on final compensation, creditable service, and age at retirement, subject to certain variations. This bill, on and after January 1, 2027, would require a retirement system subject to PEPRA to adjust pensionable compensation limits to be consistent with specified percentages of the contribution and benefit base under the specified federal law with respect to old age, survivors, and disability insurance benefits. The bill would require a new member of STRS to be subject to specified limits of the Teachers' Retirement Law.

Subject: Employment

AB 1421 (Wilson, D) Vehicles: Road Usage Charge Technical Advisory Committee.

Introduced: 02/21/2025

Last Amended: 01/05/2026

Status: 01/29/2026 - Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. (Ayes 49. Noes 21.) In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.

Location: 01/29/2026 - Senate Rules

Summary: Current law requires the Chair of the California Transportation Commission to create a Road Usage Charge Technical Advisory Committee in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation to guide the development and evaluation of a pilot program assessing the potential for mileage-based revenue collection as an alternative to the gas tax system. Current law additionally requires the Transportation Agency, in consultation with the commission, to implement the pilot program, as specified. Current law repeals these provisions on January 1, 2027. This bill would require the commission, in consultation with the Transportation Agency, to consolidate and prepare research and recommendations related to a road user charge or a mileage-based fee system. The bill would require the commission to submit a report, as specified, on the research and recommendations described above to the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the Legislature by no later than January 1, 2027.

Subject: Miscellaneous

AB 1557 (Papan, D) Vehicles: electric bicycles.

Introduced: 01/08/2026

Status: 01/09/2026 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 8.

Location: 01/08/2026 - Assembly PRINT

Summary: Current law defines an electric bicycle as a bicycle equipped with fully operable pedals and an electric motor that does not exceed 750 watts of power. This bill would clarify that an electric bicycle is a bicycle equipped with fully operable pedals and an electric motor that is not capable of exceeding 750 watts of peak power.

Subject: Active Transportation

AB 1569 (Davies, R) Pupil safety: electric bicycle parking: safety program.

Introduced: 01/12/2026

Status: 01/13/2026 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 12.

Location: 01/12/2026 - Assembly PRINT

Summary: Current law prohibits a person from driving or parking a vehicle or animal upon the driveways, paths, parking facilities, or grounds of specific public entities, including a public school or an educational institution exempted, in whole or in part, from taxation, except with the permission of, and subject to any condition or regulation that may be imposed by, the governing body of the specified public entity. Current law authorizes a public agency to adopt rules or regulations to restrict, or specify the conditions for, the use of bicycles, motorized bicycles, electric bicycles, skateboards, electrically motorized boards, and roller skates on public property under the jurisdiction of that agency. This bill would require each school that allows pupils in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, to park a class 1, 2, or 3 electric bicycle, as defined, on campus during regular school hours to require pupils to complete the electric bicycle safety and training program developed by the Department of the California Highway Patrol, as provided, or a related safety course, as specified, as a condition for parking on campus. The bill would also require a pupil to submit proof of completion of the above-described course to their school before parking their class 1, 2, or 3 electric bicycle on the school campus during school hours. The bill would exempt schools that adopted a policy related to electric bicycle safety, on or before January 1, 2027, from the above-described requirements.

Subject: Active Transportation

AB 1578 (Jackson, D) State and local officials: antihate speech training.

Introduced: 01/12/2026

Status: 01/13/2026 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 12.

Location: 01/12/2026 - Assembly PRINT

Summary: Current law requires each state agency to offer at least semiannually, and certain state officials to attend once every 2 years, an orientation course on the relevant ethics statutes and regulations that govern the official conduct of state officials. Current law requires each state agency to maintain records indicating the specific attendees, each attendee's job title, and dates of their attendance for each orientation course offered for a period of not less than 5 years after each course is given. This bill would require, beginning on January 1, 2028, a state official to complete at least one hour of antihate speech training and education within 6 months of taking office and subsequently every 4 years thereafter.

Subject: Miscellaneous

AB 1599 (Ahrens, D) Public transit: California Transit Stop Registry: transit datasets.

Introduced: 01/16/2026

Status: 01/17/2026 - From printer.

Location: 01/16/2026 - Assembly PRINT

Summary: Would require the Department of Transportation to create, on or before December 31, 2026, the California Transit Stop Registry as a centralized, statewide dataset of standardized information regarding transit stops that includes, but is not limited to, each transit stop's name, location, available amenities, and unique identifier, as specified.

Subject: Transit

AB 1608 (Wilson, D) Office of the Inspector General, High-Speed Rail.

Introduced: 01/20/2026

Status: 01/21/2026 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 20.

Location: 01/20/2026 - Assembly PRINT

Summary: Current law creates the High-Speed Rail Authority to develop and implement a high-speed rail system in the state. Current law creates the High-Speed Rail Authority Office of the Inspector General and authorizes the High-Speed Rail Authority Inspector General to initiate an audit or review regarding oversight related to delivery of the high-speed rail project undertaken by the authority and the selection and oversight of contractors related to that project. Current law authorizes the Inspector General to select, appoint, and employ officers and employees necessary to carry out the functions of the office, as specified. This bill would rename the office as the Office of the Inspector General, High-Speed Rail and revise the title of the Inspector General as the Inspector General of the High-Speed Rail. This bill would authorize the Inspector General to adopt and make use of the classifications, associated salary ranges, and other forms of compensation established or otherwise used by other state agencies identified by the Inspector General as performing comparable oversight work, as specified. This bill would authorize the Inspector General to contract for goods and services that the Inspector General deems necessary for the furtherance of the purposes of the office.

Subject: Transit

ACA 7 (Jackson, D) Government preferences.

Introduced: 02/13/2025

Last Amended: 05/07/2025

Status: 01/22/2026 - Assembly Rule 63 suspended. From committee: Be adopted. (Ayes 11. Noes 4.) (January 22). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Calendar: 02/02/26 #6 A-THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS

Location: 01/22/2026 - Assembly THIRD READING

Summary: The California Constitution, pursuant to provisions enacted by the Proposition 209, an initiative measure adopted by the voters at the November 5, 1996, statewide general election, prohibits the state from discriminating against, or granting preferential treatment to, any individual or group on the basis of race, sex, color, ethnicity, or national origin in the operation of public employment, public education, or public contracting, as specified. This measure would, instead, limit the above prohibition to the operation of public employment, higher education admissions and enrollment, and public contracting.

Subject: Employment

ACA 12 (Wallis, R) Road usage charges: vote and voter approval requirements.

Introduced: 03/26/2025

Status: 03/27/2025 - From printer. May be heard in committee April 26.

Location: 03/26/2025 - Assembly PRINT

Summary: The California Constitution requires any change in state statute that increases the tax liability of any taxpayer to be imposed by an act passed by 2/3 of the membership of each house of the Legislature and prohibits specified taxes on real property from being so imposed. For these purposes, the California Constitution defines a "tax" as any state levy, charge, or exaction, except as described in certain exceptions. The California Constitution describes one of those exceptions as a charge imposed for entrance to or use of state property, or the purchase, rental, or lease of state property, except charges governed by a specified provision of the California Constitution. This measure, on or after its effective date, would provide that the exception described above does not include a road usage charge, as described, thereby requiring the imposition of this type of charge to be subject to the 2/3 vote requirement.

Subject: Funding

ACA 13 (DeMaio, R) Public finance: Balanced Budget Accountability Act of 2025.

Introduced: 04/22/2025

Status: 04/23/2025 - From printer. May be heard in committee May 23.

Location: 04/22/2025 - Assembly PRINT

Summary: The California Constitution generally requires appropriations from the General Fund to be enacted in a bill passed by a 2/3 vote in each house of the Legislature. Notwithstanding that requirement, the California Constitution authorizes the budget bill, other bills providing for appropriations related to the budget bill, and bills that make General Fund appropriations for the public schools, to be passed by a majority vote. This measure would repeal the exceptions to the requirement that a bill making General Fund appropriations must be passed by a 2/3 vote, thereby requiring any bill that makes General Fund appropriations to be passed by a 2/3 vote.

Subject: Funding

ACA 16 (Ellis, R) Budget bill: balanced budget: Members of the Legislature: salaries.

Introduced: 01/07/2026

Status: 01/08/2026 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 7.

Location: 01/07/2026 - Assembly PRINT

Summary: The Constitution requires the Legislature to include that revenue estimate in the budget bill. The Constitution also requires the Legislature to pass a budget bill by midnight on June 15 of each year. If that deadline is not met, the Members of the Legislature forfeit any salary or reimbursement for travel or living expenses from midnight on June 15 until the day that the budget bill is presented to the Governor. This measure would authorize the Controller, no later than 30 days after the date of the budget bill's passage, to determine that the budget bill violates the balanced budget provision. If the Controller makes that determination, the Members of the Legislature and the Governor would forfeit their salary and reimbursement for travel or living expenses from the day immediately following the date on which the Controller makes the determination until the date on which a budget bill is enacted.

Subject: Employment, Funding

SB 2 (Jones, R) Low-carbon fuel standard: regulations.

Introduced: 12/02/2024

Last Amended: 03/12/2025

Status: 03/19/2025 - March 19 set for first hearing. Failed passage in committee. (Ayes 3. Noes 2.) Reconsideration granted.

Location: 01/29/2025 - Senate Environmental Quality

Summary: The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 requires the State Air Resources Board to adopt rules and regulations to achieve the maximum technologically feasible and cost-effective greenhouse gas emissions reductions to ensure that the statewide greenhouse gas emissions are reduced to at least 40% below the statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit, as defined, no later than December 31, 2030. Pursuant to the act, the state board has adopted the Low-Carbon Fuel Standard regulations. This bill would void specified amendments to the Low-Carbon Fuel Standard regulations adopted by the state board on November 8, 2024, or as subsequently adopted, as specified. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Subject: Environment

SB 10 (Padilla), which pertained to toll revenues, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

SB 74 (Seyarto), which pertained to the Infrastructure Gap-Fund Program, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

SB 94 (Strickland), which pertained to the Motor Vehicle Fuel Account, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

SB 239 (Arreguín, D) Open meetings: teleconferencing: subsidiary body.

Introduced: 01/30/2025

Last Amended: 04/07/2025

Status: 01/27/2026 - Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 29. Noes 11.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.

Location: 01/27/2026 - Assembly DESK

Summary: The Ralph M. Brown Act requires, with specified exceptions, that all meetings of a legislative body, as defined, of a local agency be open and public and that all persons be permitted to attend and participate. The act generally requires for teleconferencing that the legislative body of a local agency that elects to use teleconferencing post agendas at all teleconference locations, identify each teleconference location in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, and have each teleconference location be accessible to the public. Current law also requires that, during the teleconference, at least a quorum of the members of the legislative body participate from locations within the boundaries of the territory over which the local agency exercises jurisdiction, except as specified. Current law, until January 1, 2026, authorizes specified neighborhood city councils to use alternate teleconferencing provisions related to notice, agenda, and public participation, as prescribed, if, among other requirements, the city council has adopted an authorizing resolution and 2/3 of the neighborhood city council votes to use alternate teleconference provisions, as specified. This bill would authorize a subsidiary body, as defined, to use alternative teleconferencing provisions and would impose requirements for notice, agenda, and public participation, as prescribed. The bill would require the subsidiary body to post the agenda at each physical meeting location designated by the subsidiary body, as specified. The bill would require the members of the subsidiary body to visibly appear on camera during the open portion of a meeting that is publicly accessible via the internet or other online platform, as specified.

Subject: Public Meetings

SB 431 (Arreguin), which pertained to utility workers, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

SB 445 (Wiener), which pertained to High-speed rail regulations, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

SB 508 (Valladares, R) California Environmental Quality Act: transportation impact mitigation.

Introduced: 02/19/2025

Last Amended: 09/09/2025

Status: 09/09/2025 - From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on B. & P.

Location: 09/09/2025 - Assembly Business and Professions

Summary: The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. If a lead agency determines that a project will have a significant transportation impact, current law authorizes the lead agency to mitigate the transportation impact to a less than significant level by helping to fund or otherwise facilitating housing or related infrastructure projects, including by contributing an amount, to be determined pursuant to guidance issued by the Office of Land Use and Climate Innovation, to the Transit-Oriented Development Implementation Fund for purposes of the Transit-Oriented Development Implementation Program. Current law authorizes the deposit of those contributions into the fund beginning on or before July 1, 2026, as determined by the Department of Housing and Community Development, and makes those moneys available to the department, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the purpose of awarding funding for affordable housing or related infrastructure projects under the program in accordance with specified priorities. On or before July 1, 2026, and at least once every 3 years thereafter, current law requires the office, in consultation with other state agencies, to issue guidance related to the implementation of these provisions, as provided. Current law makes related findings and declarations. This bill would require a contribution to the fund to be deemed full and complete mitigation for that portion of the project's significant transportation impact mitigated by the contribution to the fund and a legally sufficient mitigation measure under CEQA. The bill would authorize the deposit of those contributions into the fund beginning on the date of the issuance of the initial guidance by the office.

Subject: Environment

SB 526 (Menjivar), which pertained to air quality, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

SB 545 (Cortese), which pertained to High-speed rail economic opportunities, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

SB 549 (Allen), which pertained to the Resilient Rebuilding Authority for the Los Angeles Wildfires, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

SB 563 (Valladares), which pertained to off-highway grants, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

SB 569 (Blakespear), which pertained to homeless encampments, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

SB 667 (Archuleta, D) Railroads: safety: wayside detectors.

Introduced: 02/20/2025

Last Amended: 01/22/2026

Status: 01/27/2026 - Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 26. Noes 11.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.

Location: 01/27/2026 - Assembly DESK

Summary: The Federal Railroad Safety Act (FRSA) authorizes the United States Secretary of Transportation to prescribe regulations and issue orders for railroad safety and requires the United States Secretary of Homeland Security, when prescribing a security regulation or issuing a security order that affects the safety of railroad operations, to consult with the United States Secretary of Transportation. The FRSA provides for state participation in the enforcement of the safety regulations and orders issued by the United States Secretary of Transportation or the United States Secretary of Homeland Security, pursuant to an annual certification, and authorizes the respective secretaries to make an agreement with a state to provide investigative and surveillance activities. The FRSA provides that, to the extent practicable, laws, regulations, and orders related to railroad safety and security are required to be nationally uniform, but authorizes a state to adopt or continue in force a law, regulation, or order related to railroad safety or security until the United States Secretary of Transportation, with respect to railroad safety matters, or the United States Secretary of Homeland Security, with respect to railroad security matters, prescribes a regulation or issues an order covering the subject matter of the state requirement. A state is additionally authorized to adopt or continue in force an additional or more stringent law, regulation, or order related to railroad safety or security, when necessary to eliminate or reduce an essentially local safety or security hazard, that is not incompatible with a federal law, regulation, or order, and that does not unreasonably burden interstate commerce. This bill would require a railroad corporation to install and operate a network of wayside detector systems on or adjacent to any track used by a freight train, require that each wayside detector system include a hot wheel bearing detector, and prescribe the maximum spacing for individual detection devices along a continuous track.

Subject: Transit

SB 677 (Wiener, D) Housing development: transit-oriented development.

Introduced: 02/21/2025

Last Amended: 01/08/2026

Status: 01/26/2026 - Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 24. Noes 10.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.

Location: 01/26/2026 - Assembly DESK

Summary: Current law requires that a housing development project, as defined, within a specified distance of a transit-oriented development (TOD) stop, as defined, be an allowed use as a transit-oriented housing development on any site zoned for residential, mixed, or commercial development, if the development complies with certain applicable requirements, as provided. Among these requirements, current law establishes requirements concerning height limits, density, and residential floor area ratio in accordance with a development's proximity to specified tiers of TOD stops, as provided, and requires a development to meet specified labor standards that require that a specified affidavit be signed under penalty of perjury, under specified circumstances. Current law specifies that a development proposed pursuant to these provisions is eligible for streamlined, ministerial approval, as provided. Current law defines, among other terms, the term "high-frequency commuter rail" for purposes of these provisions to mean a commuter rail service operating a total of at least 48 trains per day across both directions, not including temporary service changes of less than one month or unplanned disruptions, and not meeting the standard for very high frequency commuter rail, at any point in the past three years. Current law also defines the term "Tier 2 transit-oriented development stop" for these purposes to mean a TOD stop within an urban transit county, as defined, excluding a Tier 1 transit-oriented development stop, as defined, served by light rail transit, by high-frequency commuter rail, or by bus service meeting specified standards. This bill would revise the definition of "high-frequency commuter rail" to instead mean a public commuter or intercity rail station with a total of at least 48 passenger trains on average per weekday across all directions, not including temporary service changes of less than one month or unplanned disruptions, and not meeting the standard for very high frequency commuter rail, at any point in the past three years.

Subject: Transit

SB 684 (Menjivar), which pertained to the Polluters Pay Climate Superfund Act of 2025, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

SB 714 (Archuleta), which pertained to the Clean Energy Workforce Training Council, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

SB 741 (Blakespear), which pertained to the Los Angeles-San Diego-San Luis Obispo Rail Corridor, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

SB 772 (Cabaldon), which pertained to the Infill Infrastructure Grant Program of 2019, failed to meet committee deadlines and is now dead. Therefore, the bill has been removed from the matrix.

SB 897 (Choi, R) Vehicles: abandoned vehicles.

Introduced: 01/16/2026

Status: 01/20/2026 - From printer. May be acted upon on or after February 16.

Location: 01/16/2026 - Senate Rules

Summary: Current law authorizes a county satisfying specified conditions to establish a service authority for the abatement of abandoned vehicles and to impose a \$1 vehicle registration fee for the abatement of abandoned vehicles. The fees imposed and the moneys received by the service authority from the Abandoned Vehicle Trust Fund, a continuously appropriated fund, can only be used for the abatement, removal, and disposal of abandoned, wrecked, dismantled, or inoperative vehicles from private or public property. The service authority is authorized to adopt an ordinance establishing procedures for the abatement, removal, and disposal, as a public nuisance, of an abandoned, wrecked, dismantled, or inoperative vehicle and for the recovery of costs. This bill, notwithstanding these provisions, would authorize the City of Laguna Woods to use the amount of abandoned vehicle abatement funds received from the fee imposed by the service authority that formerly operated in the County of Orange, and the interest accrued thereon, for purposes of enforcing provisions of this code on public highways.

Subject: Public Works

SB 908 (Wiener, D) Housing development: transit-oriented development.

Introduced: 01/22/2026

Status: 01/23/2026 - From printer. May be acted upon on or after February 22.

Location: 01/22/2026 - Senate Rules

Summary: Current law generally regulates the development of transit-oriented housing developments near transit-oriented development stops. Current law defines various terms for these purposes. Current law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to oversee compliance with those provisions, authorizes a local government to enact an ordinance to make its zoning code consistent with those provisions, as specified, and requires each metropolitan planning organization to create a map of transit-oriented development stops and zones within its region by tier, as specified. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation that would make technical and clarifying changes to those laws governing transit-oriented development, and to add a select set of San Francisco Bay area ferry terminals to the scope of those provisions.

Subject: Planning

SCR 108 (Archuleta, D) Deputy David Piquette Memorial Highway.

Introduced: 01/08/2026

Status: 01/21/2026 - Re-referred to Com. on TRANS.

Location: 01/21/2026 - Senate Transportation

Summary: Would designate a specified portion of State Route 91 in the County of Orange as the Deputy David Piquette Memorial Highway. The measure would request that the Department of Transportation determine the cost of appropriate signs showing this special designation and, upon receiving donations from nonstate sources sufficient to cover the cost, to erect those signs.

Subject: Miscellaneous, Public Works