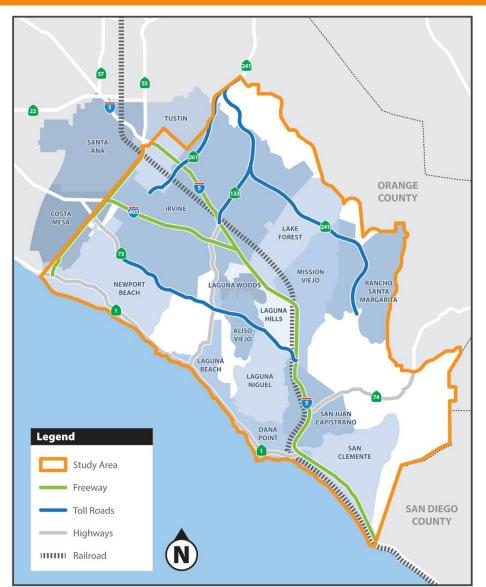




Study Objectives

- Identify long-term mobility needs and challenges through 2045 and beyond
- Conduct robust public and stakeholder engagement
- Develop consensus on a multimodal transportation system vision
- Provide direction to develop focused strategies and project-level studies



Study Scope Highlights

Phase 1

- Identify Issues and Opportunities
- Develop Purpose and Need Statement
- Develop Initial Multimodal Solutions



Phase 2

- Screen Initial Multimodal Solutions
- Select Reduced Set of Multimodal Solutions



We are here

Phase 3

- Analyze
 Reduced Set of
 Multimodal
 Solutions
- Recommend a Locally Preferred Strategy

2020

2021

2022

Purpose and Need Statement

Make public transit, bicycling, and walking more convenient and accessible

•Increase availability of transit service and infrastructure for bicycling and walking | Provide convenient connections between travel modes (ex. transit and bicycling) | Coordinate with land-use development

Decrease the overall number of trips made each day

•Reduce overall travel demand | Enhance transportation safety and efficiency | Better utilize available freeway lanes, carpool lanes (high-occupancy vehicle lanes), and street space

Protect the environment and preserve transportation infrastructure

•Increase zero-emission vehicles | Improve access to clean, affordable travel options | Preserve transportation infrastructure from natural disasters | Minimize adverse environmental impacts

Adapt to new transportation technologies and services

•Consider autonomous vehicles or electric charging infrastructure | Pursue proven technologies | Support equity and innovation | Support telework strategies

Multimodal Solutions



Relieve Freeway Bottlenecks



Improve Carpool Lane Operations



Improve Roadway Operations



High Frequency Transit





Local Circulators/Shuttles

Multimodal Solutions (continued)





Street Capacity for Active Transportation and Neighborhood Electric Vehicles



On-Demand Microtransit Service (OC Flex)



Mobility Hubs



Travel Demand Management (TDM)

Performance Targets

Caltrans' California Transportation Plan (CTP) 2050, SCAG's Connect SoCal 2020 (2020 RTP/SCS), and OCTA's LRTP were referenced as guides for establishing potential targets for benefits to be derived from implementation of the study's recommendations.

Quantitative Performance Measures	Potential Targets (based on CTP, SCAG RTP/SCS, OCTA LRTP)
Delay per capita	-14% from existing condition
GHG emissions reduction	-32% from existing condition
VMT reduction per capita	-8% from existing condition
Non-SOV (carpool, transit, bike, walk) mode share	+5% from existing condition

Caltrans – California Department of Transportation GHG – Greenhouse Gas LRTP - Long Range Transportation Plan Non-SOV – Non-Single Occupant Vehicle/Drive Alone RTP/SCS- Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy SCAG - Southern California Association of Governments VMT – Vehicle Miles Traveled

Preliminary Equity Analysis

- Identified areas in south Orange County with higher mobility needs based on the following indicators:
 - Low income
 - Zero car
 - Single-parent households
 - Disability population

- Senior population
- Communities of color
- Limited English proficiency

 Next steps for the equity analysis: high-level assessment of how well the Multimodal Vision Alternatives address mobility and accessibility in the equity focus areas

Public Engagement

Completed Phase 3 on 4/15:

- Online survey
- Digital media
- Postcards to disadvantaged communities
- Multilingual helpline
- Virtual meeting room
- Virtual stakeholder and elected officials roundtables and public webinar



Next Steps

- Complete evaluation of multimodal vision alternatives
- Engage with stakeholders and partner agencies on development of a locally preferred strategy
- Complete study by August 2022

